Operations and Algebraic Thinking	Number Operations in Base Ten
 I can plus or minus (add or subtract) numbers to 20. I can tell what addition means. I can tell what subtraction means. I can use manipulatives to show my work. I can use objects/manipulatives to add numbers. I can use fact families to add and subtract. I can use turn around facts to add. I can start at a number and count up to add. I can start at a number and count back to subtract. I can correctly complete ten addition facts in one minute. I can tell how I answer addition and subtraction problems in different ways. I can tell what the equal sign means. I can tell what the and false means. I can tell what true and false means. I can tell what true and false means. I can tell the number that is missing from a math problem. 	 I can count to 120. I can read and write numbers to 120. I can make a two-digit number with tens and ones. I can explain how many tens and ones are in a two-digit number. I can use symbols such as greater than, less than, and equal sign (>, <, and =) to compare two-digit numbers. I can add numbers to 100 in different ways. I can make a new ten from ten ones. I can add ten or subtract ten from a two-digit number in my head. I can subtract ten from a multiple (groups of) of ten. I can tell how I found the answer.
Measurement & Data	Geometry
 I can put three objects in order by length. I can use a new object to compare two objects. I can measure an object's length. 	 I can tell how shapes are alike and different. I can build and draw shapes with different attributes, like colors, size, or number of sides.
 I can tell and write time to the hour. I can tell and write time to the half-hour. 	 I can make two-dimensional (2D) shapes. I can build three-dimensional (3D) shapes.
 I can collect information to be used in a chart or table. I can sort information to a graph, chart, or table. 	 I can cut shapes into two and four equal parts. I can tell what equal parts mean.
 I can ask a question from a chart, or table. I can answer a question from a chart, or table. 	 I can show that the more pieces there are, the smaller each piece will be. (Parts of a whole)